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Version Control

Version No.	Changes Made	By Whom	Date
V1.0	First iteration	Lauren Bell	08/01/2021
V2.0	Second Iteration	Lincy Varghese	28/01/2022
V3.0	Updated to include 2022-23 KPIs	Lyndal Beer	06/07/2022

EMERGENCY

	Ambulance Hospital Clearance Time - Less Than or Equal To 20 Minutes		
	Identifying and definitional attributes		
Short Name:	Ambulance Hospital Clearance Time		
Tier:	Tier 1		
KPI ID:	AF-ED-T1-5		
Description:	Percentage (%) of ambulance presentations that subsequently depart the emergency department (ED) less than or equal to 20 minutes following a patient's transfer of care at a metropolitan public hospital, otherwise known as Ambulance Hospital Clearance Time.		
Computation:	(Numerator/Denominator)*100		
Numerator:	Count (#) of ambulance presentations to a major metropolitan hospital ED where the time difference between transfer of patient care to ambulance availability for redeployment is less than or equal to 20 minutes.		
Denominator:	Count (#) of ambulance presentations at a major metropolitan hospital ED.		
	More Information		
Scope:	Data is reported for: CALHN SALHN NALHN WCHN State		
Benchmarks:	Performing (Target) >=80.0% Performance Concern <80.0% and >=75.0% Underperforming <75.0%		
Representation class:	Percentage		
Data Type:	Real		
Unit of Measure:	Services Type		
Data Source:	SAAS CAD as per BUI database		

Frequency of Reporting:	Monthly (i.e., July data reported in August)
	> Transfer of care is deemed complete only when clinical handover has occurred between hospital staff and paramedics, the patient has been offloaded from the ambulance stretcher and/or the care of the ambulance paramedics is no longer required.
Notes:	> Includes metropolitan public hospitals only.
	> Includes patients arriving at ED where the ambulance incident priority is P1 to P5.
	> Excludes any P6 to P8 incidents.
	> Data with missing timestamps or Negative times are excluded.
Related Information:	> Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.

TIMELINESS

	'000' Calls Answered in 10 Seconds
	Identifying and definitional attributes
Short Name:	'000' Calls Answered
Tier:	Tier 1
KPI ID:	AF-TI-T1-1
Description:	Percentage (%) of '000' emergency calls answered within 10 seconds.
Computation:	(Numerator/Denominator)*100
Numerator:	Count (#) of '000' emergency calls that have been answered in the Emergency Operations Centre in 10 seconds or under.
Denominator:	Count (#) of all calls presented to '000' queues in the Emergency Operations Centre.
	More Information
Scope:	Data is reported for: > SAAS
Benchmarks:	Performing (Target) >=95.0% Performance Concern <95.0% and >=72.5% Underperforming <72.5%
Representation class:	Percentage
Data Type:	Real
Unit of Measure:	Service Type
Data Source:	SAAS Automated Call Distributor Data (Genesys / BRIO), as per BIU database
Frequency of Reporting:	Monthly (i.e. July data reported in August)
Notes:	 Includes primary queue only. Excludes short-abandoned calls. Excludes time between presentation to Telstra triple-000 line and subsequent transfer to SAAS.
Related Information:	> Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.

Response Time (Urban Centres) - Priority 1 Response Time (Urban Centres) - Priority 2 Response Time (Urban Centres) - Priority 3

Identifying and definitional attributes

Short Name:	Response Time – Priority 1 Response Time – Priority 2 Response Time – Priority 3
Tier:	Tier 1 Tier 1 Tier 2
KPI ID:	AF-TI-T1-2 AF-TI-T1-3 AF-TI-T2-4
Description:	Percentage (%) of Priority 1, 2 or 3 (urban centres) incidents where the first SA Ambulance Service (SAAS) resource arrived within the specified timeframe for the Priority.
Computation:	(Numerator/Denominator)*100
Numerator:	Count (#) of: a) Priority 1 incidents where the ambulance responds within 8 minutes. b) Priority 2 incidents where the ambulance responds within 16 minutes. c) Priority 3 incidents where the ambulance responds within 30 minutes.
Denominator:	Count (#) of: a) Priority 1 incidents. b) Priority 2 incidents. c) Priority 3 incidents.

More Information

Scope:	Data is reported for: > SAAS
Benchmarks:	Priority 1 – within 8 minutes of dispatch: Performing (Target) >=60.0% Performance Concern <60.0% and >=55.0% Underperforming <55.0% Priority 2 – within 16 minutes of dispatch: Performing (Target) >=90.0% Performance Concern <90.0% and >=85.0% Underperforming <85.0% Priority 3 – within 30 minutes of dispatch: Performing (Target) >=90.0% Performance Concern <90.0% and >=85.0% Underperforming <85.0%
Representation class:	Percentage

Data Type:	Real	
Unit of Measure:	Services Type	
Data Source:	SAAS CAD as per BIU database	
Frequency of Reporting:	Monthly (i.e. July data reported in August)	
Notes:	 Data is for urban centres, population greater than 10,000 - Australian Bureau of Statistics, Urban Centre and Locality (UCL) Ed 2016. Response time is the difference between the event start time (first keystroke of incident in South Australian Computer Aided Dispatch System (SACAD) creation) of an incident and the time the resource arrives at the incident. The final Priority of an incident is to be the assigned Priority at the time of the first SAAS resource arrival. Note – this definition of ambulance response time differs to the Report on Government Services (RoGS) definition. RoGS defines response time as the time taken between the arrival of the first responding ambulance resource at the scene of an incident, and the initial receipt of the call for an emergency ambulance at the communications centre. 	
Related Information:	> Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.	

	Roster Performance (Metropolitan)		
	Identifying and definitional attributes		
Short Name:	Roster Performance		
Tier:	Tier 2		
KPI ID:	AF-TI-T2-2		
Description:	Percentage (%) of double crew emergency ambulance paramedics in the metropolitan region who fill the rostered shifts.		
Computation:	(Numerator/Denominator)*100		
Numerator:	Count (#) of double crew emergency ambulance paramedics in the metropolitan region logged for rostered shift.		
Denominator:	Count (#) of double crew emergency ambulance paramedics in the metropolitan region on the planned roster for shift.		
More Information			
Scope:	Data is reported for: > SAAS (metropolitan)		
Benchmarks:	Performing (Target) >=95% Performance Concern >=92.5% and <95% Underperforming <92.5%		
Representation class:	Percentage		
Data Type:	Real		
Unit of Measure:	Service Type		
Data Source:	SAAS CAD as per BIU database and GRS		
Frequency of Reporting:	Monthly (i.e. July data reported in August)		
Notes:	 Excludes: Regional and volunteer crews. Single Responders. Area Team Leads. Operational Team Leads. Operational Managers Patient Transport Services. Emergency Support Services Clinical Telephone Assessors Emergency Operations Centre Clinicians 		
Related Information:	> Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.		

FINANCE

INANCL	
	End Of Year Net Variance To Budget
	Identifying and definitional attributes
Short Name:	EOY Variance to Budget
Tier:	Tier 1
KPI ID:	PE-F-T1-1
Description:	End of year forecasted expenditure of providing services for a given period, minus the end of year adjusted budget for the same period.
Computation:	Variance
	More Information
Scope:	Data is reported for: CALHN SALHN NALHN WCHN BHFLHN FUNLHN EFNLHN KMCLHN NHUMBER AND
Benchmarks:	Performing (Target) <=0 Performance Concern = N/A Underperforming >0
Representation class:	Dollar
Data Type:	Real
Unit of Measure:	Monetary amount
Data Source:	SHARP
Frequency of Reporting:	Monthly (i.e. July data reported in August)

	>	Net Grant Funded Services impact.
	>	For monthly reporting, indicator data is disaggregated to show the following elements:
Notes:		 End of year Projection Net Variance to Budget Expenditure Variance to Budget Revenue (All) Variance to Budget Revenue (Earned) Variance to Budget
	>	A percentage calculation is also available in the monthly workbooks.
Related Information:	>	Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.

Workforce Cost		
Identifying and definitional attributes		
Short Name:	Workforce Cost	
Tier:	Tier 2	
KPI ID:	PE-F-T2-1	
Description:	Percentage (%) variance of actual workforce costs compared to budgeted workforce costs	
Computation:	(Numerator/Denominator)*100	
Numerator:	Actual dollar value (\$) spend for salaried employees and agency staff for a given period minus the allocated budget for salaried employees and agency staff for the same period.	
Denominator:	Allocated budget for salaried employees and agency staff for a given period.	
	More Information	
Scope:	Data is reported for: > SAAS	
Benchmarks:	Performing (Target) <=0.0% YTD Variance to YTD Budget Performance Concern >0.0% and <=0.5% Underperforming >0.5%	
Representation class:	Percentage	
Data Type:	Real	
Unit of Measure:	Monetary amount	
Data Source:	SHARP	
Frequency of Reporting:	Monthly (i.e., July data reported in August)	
Notes:	 Includes: 71000 - Employee Benefit Costs: 71100 - Salaries and Wages – Nursing 71200 - Salaries and Wages - Medical Officers 71300 - Salaries and Wages - Weekly Paid 71400 - Salaries and Wages - Clinical Academics 71500 - Salaries and Wages - Salaried Employees 71600 - Other Employee Related Expense 	

	 75100 - Agency Staffing 75110 - Agency Staffing - Nursing 75120 - Agency Staffing - Medical Officer 75130 - Agency Staffing - Weekly Paid 75140 - Agency Staffing - Clinical Academics 75150 - Agency Staffing - Salaried Employees
Related Information: >	Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.

ACTIVITY

Average Incident Cost		
Identifying and definitional attributes		
Short Name:	Average Incident Cost	
Tier:	Tier 1	
KPI ID:	PE-ACT-T1-2	
Description:	Average cost per incident attended to by SA Ambulance Service (SAAS).	
Computation:	(Numerator/Denominator)	
Numerator:	SAAS expenditure.	
Denominator:	Count (#) of incidents attended by SAAS.	
More Information		
Scope:	Data is reported for: > SAAS	
Benchmarks:	Performing (Target) <= previous year Performance Concern > previous year to <=2.5% above previous year Underperforming >2.5% above previous year	
Representation class:	Mean (Average)	
Data Type:	Monetary Amount	
Unit of Measure:	Currency	
Data Source:	ORACLE Financial Reporting and SAAS CAD as per BIU database	
Frequency of Reporting:	6-monthly (i.e., July to December data reported in January)	
Notes:	 The expenditure is determined as the total expenses reported in SHARP, plus the user cost of capital calculated as 8% of assets. SHARP codes are: 71000 – Operating Expenditure 9000 – Capital Expenditure. An incident is defined as an event that resulted in a demand for an ambulance service(s) to respond. 	

	>	This indicator is to be reported against YTD same time previous year – once for the first 6 months of the financial year (July-December) and again at the end of the financial year, including any financial adjustments performed at that time (January-June + adjustments).
Related Information:	>	Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.

IHT (RFDS) within funded activity		
Identifying and definitional attributes		
Short Name:	IHT (RFDS) within funded activity	
Tier:	Tier 2	
KPI ID:	PE-ACT-T2-1	
Description:	Variance (%) in Inter Hospital Transfers (IHT) conducted by Royal Flying Doctors Service (RFDS) against baseline funded activity.	
Computation:	(Numerator/Denominator)*100	
Numerator:	Count (#) of IHT conducted by RFDS.	
Denominator:	Adjusted monthly number IHT covered by funding.	
More Information		
Scope:	Data is reported for: > SAAS	
Benchmarks:	Performing (Target) <= +/-2.5% Performance Concern > +/-5.0% and <= +/-7.5% Underperforming > +/-7.5%	
Representation class:	Percentage	
Data Type:	Real	
Unit of Measure:	Services Type	
Data Source:	RFDS Air Maestro	
Frequency of Reporting:	Monthly (i.e., July data reported in August)	
Notes:	> Adjusted figure used for the denominator is based on 2009-2010 actual figures and adjusted based on funding variations.	
Related Information:	> Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.	

SAFE AND EFFECTIVE CARE

Open Disclosure Rate of Actual SAC 1 & 2 Patient Incidents Identifying and definitional attributes **Short Name:** Open Disclosure Actual SAC 1 & 2 Tier 1 KPI ID: SEC-SC-T1-9 Proportion (%) of all actual Safety Assessment Code (SAC) 1 and 2 patient incidents **Description:** that are disclosed to the patient/consumer. Computation: (Numerator/Denominator)*100 **Numerator:** Count (#) of actual SAC 1 and 2 incidents disclosed to the patient/consumer. **Denominator:** Count (#) of all actual SAC 1 and 2 patient incidents. **More Information** Data is reported for: **CALHN** SALHN NALHN **WCHN** BHFLHN: Gawler. South Coast. Mount Barker FUNLHN: Port Augusta, Whyalla Scope: EFNLHN: Port Lincoln RMCLHN: Riverland (Berri), Murray Bridge LCLHN: Mount Gambier YNLHN: Port Pirie Drug and Alcohol Services South Australia South Australian Ambulance Service Statewide Clinical Support Services Performing (Target) >=95.0% Benchmarks: Performance Concern <95.0% and >=85.0% Underperforming <85.0% Representation Percentage Data Type: Real

Unit of Measure:	Person	
Data Source:	SA Health Incident Management reporting system – Safety Learning System (SLS)	
Frequency of Reporting:	Monthly (1 month lag i.e., July data reported in September)	
Notes:	Safety Assessment Code (SAC) - a numerical score applied to an incident, which is based on the type of event, its likelihood of recurrence and its consequence. The score is determined using the SAC Matrix and guides the level of incident investigation or review that is undertaken.	
	> Reporting of SAC 1 and 2 incidents via the SA Health incident management reporting system called Safety Learning System (SLS) for reporting and documenting the management and open disclosure of patient incidents.	
	 Data excludes notifier incidents. Open disclosure is defined as an open discussion with a patient and carer (unless declined or deferred) about an incident that resulted in harm to the patient while receiving health care. The criteria of open disclosure are an expression of regret, and a factual explanation of what happened, the potential consequences, and the steps taken to manage the even and prevent recurrence. 	
Related Information:	Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Australian Open Disclosure Framework. https://www.safetyandquality.gov.au/publications-and-resources/resource-library/australian-open-disclosure-framework-better-communication-better-way-care Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.	

Pain Reduction			
	Identifying and definitional attributes		
Short Name:	Pain Reduction		
Tier:	Tier 1		
KPI ID:	SEC-EC-T1-4		
Description:	Percentage (%) of patients who reported a clinically meaningful pain reduction.		
Computation:	(Numerator/Denominator)*100		
Numerator:	Count (#) of patients who reported a clinically meaningful pain reduction.		
Denominator:	Count (#) of patients for whom there is an initial pain score of 7 or above.		
More Information			
Scope:	Data is reported for: • SAAS		
Benchmarks:	Performing (Target) >=50.0% Performing Concern <50.0% and >=45.0% Underperforming <45.0%		
Representation class:	Percentage		
Data Type:	Real		
Unit of Measure:	Services Type		
Data Source:	SAAS Patient Case Card as per BIU database		
Frequency of Reporting:	Monthly (i.e., July data reported in August)		
Notes:	 Clinically meaningful pain reduction is defined as a minimum of a 2-point reduction in pain score from first to final recorded measurement (based on a 1-10 numeric rating scale of pain intensity). Includes: Patients aged 16 years or over and received care from the ambulance service. Patients where at least 2 pain scores (pre- and post-treatment) were recorded. Patients where any pain score was recorded as 7 or above. 		

	>	Note – this definition of pain reduction differs to the Report on Government Services (RoGS) definition. RoGS defines pain reduction as 'Patients counted who are aged 16 years and over and received care from the ambulance service, which included the administration of pain medication (analgesia), recorded at least 2 pain scores (pre- and post-treatment) on a Numeric Rating Scale and recorded an initial pain score of 7 or above on the Numeric Rating Scale of 1-10. Excluded are patients who refuse pain medication.
Related Information:	>	Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.

'000' Emergency Call Audit - Partial Compliance '000' Emergency Call Audit - Low Compliance '000' Emergency Call Audit - Non Compliance

Identifying and definitional attributes

Short Name:	'000' Emergency Call Audit
Tier:	Tier 1
KPI ID:	SEC-EC-T1-1 SEC-EC-T1-2 SEC-EC-T1-3
Description:	Percentage (%) of '000' emergency calls in compliance with Emergency Medical Dispatch Quality Improvement (EMD-Q) Performance Standards and Accredited Center of Excellence (ACE) accreditation for correct application of a Medical Priority Dispatch System.
Computation:	(Numerator/Denominator)*100
Numerator:	Count (#) of audited calls that showed: a) Partial compliance b) Low compliance c) Non-compliance against accreditation standards.
Denominator:	Count (#) of audited calls.
	Maria Lafarra Cara

More Information

Scope:	Data is reported for: > SAAS
Benchmarks:	SEC-EC-T1-1: Partial Compliance Performing (Target) <=10% Performance Concern N/A Underperforming >10% SEC-EC-T1-2: Low Compliance Performing (Target) <=10 Performance Concern N/A Underperforming >10% SEC-EC-T1-3: Non Compliance Performing (Target) <=7% Performance Concern N/A Underperforming >7%
Representation class:	Percentage
Data Type:	Integer

Unit of Measure:	Services Type	
Data Source:	SAAS CAD as per BIU database	
Frequency of Reporting:	Monthly (i.e., July data reported in August)	
Notes:	 Evidence of compliance is with the Twenty Points of accreditation, as published by the International Academies of Emergency Dispatch (IAED) Board of Accreditation. Audit volume is determined using the International Academies of Emergency Dispatch Random Case Review Calculator and is dependent upon the SA Ambulance Service's annual call volume. Calls that meet High Compliance and Compliant levels will also be provided by SA Ambulance Services to assist with analysis. 	
Related Information:	> Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.	

Cardiac Arrest with ROSC Rate – Resuscitation was attempted Cardiac Arrest with ROSC Rate - VF/VT cardiac arrest

Short Name:	Cardiac Arrest with ROSC Cardiac Arrest with ROSC – VF/VT	
Tier:	Tier 1 Tier 2	
KPI ID:	SEC-EC-T1-7 SEC-EC-T2-1	
Description:	Percentage (%) of patients who were in out-of-hospital cardiac arrest and had a return to spontaneous circulation (ROSC) at the time of transfer of care to the medical team at the receiving hospital.	
Computation:	(Numerator/Denominator)*100	
Numerator:	Count (#) of patients with ROSC at time of transfer of care to the medical team at the receiving hospital where: a) The patient suffered an out-of-hospital cardiac arrest and resuscitation was attempted. b) The patient suffered an out-of-hospital, ventricular fibrillation (VF) or ventricular tachycardia (VT), cardiac arrest.	
Denominator:	 Count (#) of patients where: a) The patient suffered an out-of-hospital cardiac arrest and resuscitation was attempted. b) The patient suffered an out-of-hospital, ventricular fibrillation (VF) or ventricular tachycardia (VT), cardiac arrest. 	
	More Information	

Scope:	Data is reported for: > SAAS
Benchmarks:	Performing (Target) >=12 month rolling average Performance Concern N/A Underperforming <12 month rolling average
Representation class:	Percentage
Data Type:	Real
Unit of Measure:	Services Type
Data Source:	Cardiac Arrest Registry

Frequency of Reporting:	Monthly (3 month lag i.e., July data reported in October)
	 Includes metropolitan and country patients aged 16 years and over. Excludes data with incomplete time stamps. Year to date data (produced on a monthly basis) will contribute to SAAS's performance assessment.
Notes:	A cardiac arrest where resuscitation was attempted is defined as an out-of-hospital cardiac arrest (not witnessed by a paramedic) where chest compressions and/or defibrillation was undertaken by ambulance or emergency medical services personnel.
	> A VF/VT cardiac arrest is defined as an out-of-hospital cardiac arrest (not witnessed by a paramedic) where the arrest rhythm on the first ECG assessment was either VF or VT (irregular and/or fast heartbeat).
Related Information:	> Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.

STEMI - Arrival at PCI Facility within 60 minutes Identifying and definitional attributes STEMI - PCI Arrival **Short Name:** Tier 2 Tier: KPI ID: SEC-EC-T2-2 Percentage (%) of metropolitan patients with chest pain, including evidence of ST elevation myocardial infarction (STEMI) who are transported to a hospital with **Description:** percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI) facilities within 60 minutes of ambulance dispatch. Computation: (Numerator/Denominator)*100 Count (#) of metropolitan patients with chest pain, including evidence of STEMI, who Numerator: are transported to a site with PCI facilities within 60 minutes of ambulance dispatch. Count (#) of metropolitan patients with chest pain, including evidence of STEMI, who **Denominator:** are transported to a treatment facility. **More Information** Data is reported for: Scope: SAAS Performing (Target) >=70.0% Benchmarks: Performance Concern <70.0% and >=65.0% Underperforming <65.0% Representation Percentage Data Type: Real **Unit of Measure:** Services Type **Data Source:** SAAS CAD as per BIU database Frequency of Monthly (i.e. July data reported in August) Reporting: Metropolitan patients only.

Excludes data with incomplete time stamps.

Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.

may result in a transport.

A transport is defined as a patient transported from an incident to a treatment facility. Multiple transports can occur from a single incident, but not all incidents

Notes:

Related Information:

Suspected STROKE - Arrival at CSU Facility within 60 Minutes Identifying and definitional attributes STROKE - CSU Arrival **Short Name:** Tier 1 KPI ID: SEC-EC-T1-6 Percentage (%) of metropolitan patients with suspected stroke who are transported to **Description:** a hospital with a Comprehensive Stroke Unit (CSU) within 60 minutes of ambulance dispatch. (Numerator/Denominator)*100 Computation: Count (#) of metropolitan patients with suspected stroke, who are transported to a Numerator: site with a CSU within 60 minutes of ambulance dispatch. Count (#) of metropolitan patients with suspected stroke, who are transported to a **Denominator:** treatment facility. **More Information** Data is reported for: Scope: SAAS Performing (Target) >=80.0% Benchmarks: Performance Concern <80.0% and >=75.0% Underperforming <75.0% Representation Percentage class: Data Type: Real **Unit of Measure:** Services Type **Data Source:** SAAS CAD as per BIU database Frequency of Monthly (i.e., July data reported in August) Reporting: Metropolitan patients only. Excludes data with incomplete time stamps. Notes: A transport is defined as a patient transported from an incident to a treatment facility. Multiple transports can occur from a single incident, but not all incidents may result in a transport. **Related Information:** Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.

WORKFORCE

Number of Work Health and Safety Related Incidents Due to Challenging Behaviour in the Workplace

Identifying and definitional attributes

Short Name:	WHS Incidents – Challenging Behaviour
Tier:	Tier 1
KPI ID:	PC-WF-T1-1
Description:	Count (#) of incidents occurring in the workplace due to challenging behaviour.
Computation:	Count (#) of work health and safety related incidents occurring in the reference period which are attributed to 'challenging behaviour'.

More Information

Scope:	Data is reported for: > SAAS
Benchmarks:	Performing (Target) <= previous year Performance Concern > previous year to <=2.5% above previous year Underperforming >2.5% above previous year
Representation class:	Count
Data Type:	Real
Unit of Measure:	Person
Data Source:	SAAS Work Health Safety Information Management system
Frequency of Reporting:	Monthly (i.e. July data reported in August)
Related Information:	> Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.

Completion of Performance Reviews in line with the Commissioner's Determination

Identifying and definitional attributes

Short Name:	Performance Review Completion
Tier:	Tier 2
KPI ID:	PC-WF-T2-1
Description:	Percentage (%) of employees who have completed a Performance Review in the <u>prior</u> 6 month period.
Computation:	(Numerator/Denominator)*100
Numerator:	Employee headcount where a Performance Review was completed in the prior 6-month period.
Denominator:	 Employee headcount at the time of the extract that are not: Terminated; Position ended (with a POS end date 2 months before the reporting period date) and no current position; Seconded to other agencies; Non-employees; Board and Committee members; Absent on unpaid leave greater than 28 days; Casual that have not been paid greater than 28 days.

More Information

Data is reported for: CALHN: TEQH, RAH SALHN: FMC, RGH, NHS NALHN: LMHS, MH
> WCHN: WCH > RMCLHN: Riverland (Berri), Murray Bridge, RMC Other > LCLHN: Mount Gambier, LC Other > FUNLHN: Port Augusta, Whyalla, FUN Other > EFNLHN: Port Lincoln, EFN Other > YNLHN: Port Pirie, YN Other > BHFLHN: Gawler, South Coast, Mount Barker, BHF Other > South Australian Ambulance Service > Statewide Clinical Support Services > Drug and Alcohol Services South Australia > Department for Health and Wellbeing > Commission on Excellence & Innovation in Health > Wellbeing SA > State Total

Benchmarks:	Performing (Target): >=80.0% Performance Concern: <80.0% and >=75.0% Underperforming: <75.0%
Representation Class:	Percentage
Data Type:	Real
Unit of Measure:	Person
Data Source:	CHRIS21
Frequency of Reporting:	6-monthly (i.e. July to December data reported in January)
Notes:	 An ended position is determined by an employee's POS end date being more than 2 months from the report date, i.e. for August data (compiled in September), employees who have a POS end date of 30 June and prior are excluded. Performance reviews with a future date are excluded from the calculation. Absent on unpaid leave greater than 20 days for contracted staff excluded from denominator. 20 days represents working days or 4 weeks. Casual staff who have not been paid greater than 28 days excluded from denominator. 28 days represents 2 pay cycles, or 4 weeks. Indicator aligns with the Officer for the Commissioner of Public Sector Employment reporting metrics. This metric will be RAG rated and contribute to performance level assessment on a 6-monthly basis, with monthly data available via the workbooks.
Related Information:	 > Guideline of the Commissioner for Public Sector Employment: Performance Management and Development: Public Sector Guideline Performance Management and Development > Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.

Employees with Excess Annual Leave Balance Identifying and definitional attributes **Short Name: Excess Leave** Tier 2 **KPI ID:** PC-WF-T2-3 Percentage (%) of employees with annual leave balance greater than or equal to 2 **Description:** years entitlement (as recorded on LAC). (Numerator/Denominator)*100. Employee headcount whose annual leave balance is greater than or equal to 2 years Numerator: entitlement. Employee headcount of employees eligible to annual leave that are not: Terminated: > Seconded: **Denominator:** Non-employees; Board and Committee members. **More Information** Data is reported for: CALHN: TEQH, RAH SALHN: FMC, RGH, NHS NALHN: LMHS, MH WCHN: WCH RMCLHN: Riverland (Berri), Murray Bridge, RMC Other LCLHN: Mount Gambier, LC Other FUNLHN: Port Augusta, Whyalla, FUN Other EFNLHN: Port Lincoln, EFN Other Scope: > YNLHN: Port Pirie, YN Other > BHFLHN: Gawler, South Coast, Mount Barker, BHF Other South Australian Ambulance Service Statewide Clinical Support Services Drug and Alcohol Services South Australia Department for Health and Wellbeing Commission on Excellence & Innovation in Health Wellbeing SA State Total Performing (Target) = 0.0% Performance Concern >0.0% and <=2.5% Benchmarks: Underperforming >2.5%

Percentage

Representation

Data Type:	Real
Unit of Measure:	Person
Data Source:	CHRIS21 and SHARP
Frequency of Reporting:	Monthly (i.e., July data reported in August)
Notes:	 Employees as recorded in CHRIS21. Leave balance (years) for annual leave is a derived figure dependent on an employee being paid a leave average or contract hours when on annual leave represented by a field in PYD for all awards (except SA Public Sector Salaried employees who are all paid contract hours when on leave – the Shared Sector Model). Payment Type: Contract Hours (Shared Sector Model): Takes into account the employee's total accrual in hours, any future leave bookings, the leave entitlement in weeks specified by an employee's industrial instrument, and the number of hours per week that they are contracted to work. Average Hours: Takes into account an employee's total accrual in days, any future leave bookings, the leave entitlement in weeks specified by an employee's industrial instrument, and the number of days per week they are contracted to work.
Related Information:	> Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.

New Workplace Injury Claims	
Identifying and definitional attributes	
Short Name:	New Workplace Injury Claims
Tier:	Monitor
KPI ID:	PC-WF-M-1
Description:	Count (#) of new workplace injury claims reported.
Computation:	Count
	More Information
Scope:	Data is reported for: CALHN: TEQH, RAH SALHN: FMC, RGH, NHS NALHN: LMHS, MH WCHN: WCH RMCLHN: Riverland (Berri), Murray Bridge, RMC Other LCLHN: Mount Gambier, LC Other FUNLHN: Port Augusta, Whyalla, FUN Other EFNLHN: Port Lincoln, EFN Other YNLHN: Port Pirie, YN Other BHFLHN: Gawler, South Coast, Mount Barker, BHF Other South Australian Ambulance Service Statewide Clinical Support Services Drug and Alcohol Services South Australia Department for Health and Wellbeing Commission on Excellence & Innovation in Health Wellbeing SA State Total
Benchmarks:	Performing (Target): <= previous year Performance Concern: > previous year and <= 5.0% above previous year Underperforming: >5.0% above previous year
Representation Class:	Count
Data Type:	Real
Unit of Measure:	Claims
Data Source:	Self-Insurance Management System (SIMS)
Frequency of Reporting:	6-monthly (i.e., July to December data reported in January)

Notes:	 Year to date data will contribute to an LHN's performance assessment. The number of new workplace injury claims is calculated as the total number of new claims registered in the period, regardless of date of injury, determination, or any other factor. This includes all claims whether accepted, rejected, pending determination, or withdrawn. Every new claim has a 'Date Registered' date that does not change.
Related Information:	 South Australia's Strategic Plan Target 21: Greater Safety at Work. https://data.sa.gov.au/data/dataset/sasp-target-21-greater-safety-at-work Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.

Expenditure for Workplace Injury Claims	
Identifying and definitional attributes	
Short Name:	Expenditure for workplace injury claims
Tier:	Monitor
KPI ID:	PC-WF-M-2
Description:	Year-on-year percentage variance (%) of gross workers compensation expenditure.
Computation:	(Numerator/Denominator)*100
Numerator:	Monetary amount for gross workers compensation expenditure in a given period for the current financial year, minus the monetary amount for gross workers compensation expenditure in the same period for the previous financial year.
Denominator:	Monetary amount for gross workers compensation expenditure in a given period for the previous financial year.
More Information	
Scope:	Data is reported for: > SAAS
Benchmarks:	Performing (Target) <= previous year at same development point Performance Concern > previous year to <=5.0% above previous year at same development point Underperforming >5.0% above previous year at same development point
Representation Class:	Percentage
Data Type:	Real
Unit of Measure:	Services Type
Data Source:	Self-Insurance Management System (SIMS)
Frequency of Reporting:	Monthly (i.e. July data reported in August)
Related Information:	> Service Agreements 2022-23 SA Health.

For more information

Commissioning & Performance

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www.sahealth.sa.gov.au

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