



Neuropathic Joints (Charcot Joints)

Eligibility

- Associated medical condition (usually Diabetes)
- Unilateral
- Classical feature painless deformity
- Altered sensation (may occur with any neuropathy)
- Early stage- Oedema, erythema, local warmth. Often mimics infection
- Late stage- deformities +/- ulcers
- May take up to 2 years for complete resolution

Differential Diagnosis

- Infection cellulitis , osteomyelitis
- Inflammatory Arthropathy

 Information Required for Referral History: Onset, progression, duration, severity, any initiating factors etc. Associated medical conditions Exact site of deformity Any other associate injuries Any treatment used (immobilization, analgesics) 	 Investigations Required for Referral Weight bearing ankle x rays, weight bearing foot x rays May show joint subluxation / dislocation +/- destruction Bone scan not useful (often mimics infection) 			
Fax Referral to:Repatriation General HospitalFax:(08) 8374 2591				

Red Flags

- Increasing swelling/Redness or signs of infection, immediate referral to the Emergency Department
- Continuous pain despite the non-operative management, to RGH

Suggested GP Management	Clinical Resources
 Non weight bearing and elevate leg Refer diabetic foot clinic Orthotics – Total contact cast/CROW 	Charcot neuropathy of the foot and ankle: a review. Varma AK. Journal of Foot and Ankle Surgery 2013 Nov-Dec;56 (6):740-9

General Information to assist with referrals and the and Referral templates for FMC and RGH are available to download from the SALHN Outpatient Services website <u>www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/SALHNoutpatients</u>



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1.0	July 2014	July 2016	Original	