



**URGENT NOTIFICATION – Phone 1300 232 272** the Communicable Disease Control Branch (CDCB) 24 hours/7 days

**PHONE/FAX notification for all diseases listed on this form (except mycobacterial disease) to CDCB as soon as practicable and, in any event, within 3 days of suspecting or confirming a diagnosis of a notifiable disease. Telephone 1300 232 272 or fax (08) 7425 6696. Electronic form available at <https://extapps.health.sa.gov.au/cdc-b-notify/>**

❖ To notify mycobacterial disease telephone SA Tuberculosis Services on (08) 7117 2983 within 3 days of suspicion or confirmation of diagnosis **OR USE THIS FORM** and send via fax to (08) 7074 6248.

To notify sexually transmitted infections or blood borne viruses use specific STI or BBV form. **DO NOT USE THIS FORM** See [www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/NotifiableDiseaseReporting](http://www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/NotifiableDiseaseReporting)

To notify an adverse event following immunisation go to <https://extapps2.sahealth.sa.gov.au/SAVSS/> or phone 1300 232 272.

**A CASE DETAILS** Please print clearly and tick all applicable boxes

Last name \_\_\_\_\_  
Given name \_\_\_\_\_  
Date of birth \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_  Male  Female  
Name of parent/carer (if applicable) \_\_\_\_\_  
Residential address \_\_\_\_\_  
Postcode   
Telephone \_\_\_\_\_

**Is the person of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin?**  
For persons of both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander origin, mark both 'Yes' boxes  
 Yes, Aboriginal  Yes, Torres Strait Islander  No

**What is the person's occupation?**  
 Commercial food handler  Health care worker  
 Child care worker  Other Specify: \_\_\_\_\_

**Is the person/caregiver aware of the diagnosis?**  
 Yes  No

**Has the person been hospitalised due to the notifiable disease?**  
 Yes  No

**Date of death (if applicable)** \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

**B DISEASE TO NOTIFY**

- Acute post-streptococcal glomerulonephritis
- Anthrax ☠
- Arbovirus (not listed elsewhere) > ANSWER Q3 & Q4  
Specify: \_\_\_\_\_
- Barmah Forest virus > ANSWER Q3 & Q4
- Botulism ☠
- Brucellosis > ANSWER Q3 & Q4
- Campylobacteriosis > ANSWER Q1, Q3 & Q4
- Candida auris ☠
- Carbapenemase-producing Enterobacteriales (CPE)
- Chikungunya virus > ANSWER Q3 & Q4
- Cholera ☠
- Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) > DEATH ONLY, ANSWER Q2
- Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease
- Cryptosporidiosis > ANSWER Q1
- Dengue > ANSWER Q3 & Q4
- Diphtheria ☠
- Food poisoning ☠
- Group A streptococcal infection (invasive)
- Haemolytic uraemic syndrome (HUS) ☠
- Haemophilus influenzae (invasive) ☠
- Hendra virus ☠
- Hepatitis A ☠
- Hepatitis E > ANSWER Q1, Q3 & Q4
- Influenza > DEATH ONLY, ANSWER Q2
- Influenza, avian in humans ☠
- Japanese encephalitis ☠
- Legionella longbeachae
- Legionella pneumophila ☠
- Legionella (other species)
- Leprosy > ANSWER Q4
- Leptospirosis > ANSWER Q3 & Q4
- Listeriosis ☠
- Lyssavirus infection (including rabies and Australian bat lyssavirus) ☠
- Malaria > ANSWER Q3 & Q4
- Measles ☠
- Meningococcal disease ☠
- Middle East respiratory syndrome coronavirus infection (MERS-CoV) ☠
- Monkeypox virus infection (mpox) ☠
- Mumps > ANSWER Q2
- Murray Valley encephalitis ☠
- Mycobacterial disease non TB ❖  
Specify: \_\_\_\_\_
- Paratyphoid (S. Paratyphi) ☠
- Pertussis > ANSWER Q2
- Plague ☠
- Pneumococcal disease (invasive) > ANSWER Q2
- Poliovirus ☠
- Prion disease (not otherwise listed)
- Psittacosis (ornithosis)
- Q fever > ANSWER Q2 & Q4

**Date of onset of illness** \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

- Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) > DEATH ONLY, ANSWER Q2
- Rheumatic fever
- Rheumatic heart disease
- Ross River virus > ANSWER Q3 & Q4
- Rotavirus > DEATH ONLY, ANSWER Q2
- Rubella > ANSWER Q2  
 Congenital rubella
- Salmonellosis > ANSWER Q1, Q3 & Q4
- Severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) ☠
- Shiga toxin producing E. coli (STEC) ☠
- Shigellosis > ANSWER Q1, Q3 & Q4
- Smallpox ☠
- Tetanus > ANSWER Q2
- Trachoma > ANSWER Q3 & Q4
- Tuberculosis ❖
- Tularaemia ☠
- Typhoid (S. Typhi) ☠
- Varicella-zoster virus – chickenpox > DEATH ONLY, ANSWER Q2
- Varicella-zoster virus – shingles > DEATH ONLY, ANSWER Q2
- Vibrio parahaemolyticus > ANSWER Q1, Q3 & Q4
- Viral haemorrhagic fever ☠
- West Nile virus infection (including Kunjin variant) ☠
- Yellow fever ☠
- Yersiniosis > ANSWER Q1, Q3 & Q4

**Q1** Has the case been exposed to swimming pools, a potentially unsafe food, water, raw milk, or food outlet?  Yes  No  Unsure  
Specify: \_\_\_\_\_

**Q2** Vaccination status for disease notified?  Yes  No  Unsure  
Year/s vaccinated and type: \_\_\_\_\_

**Q3** Has the case travelled recently? (SA/interstate/overseas)  Yes  No  Unsure  
Specify: \_\_\_\_\_

**Q4** Geographic location where the infection was acquired?  
Specify: \_\_\_\_\_

**C CLINICAL COMMENTS** (include others ill)

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**D DOCTOR DETAILS** (stamp acceptable)

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address of practice/hospital \_\_\_\_\_  
Postcode   
Provider number \_\_\_\_\_  
Telephone \_\_\_\_\_ (M)  
Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

**Please inform the person/caregiver you have notified SA Health**

Laboratory results:  SA Pathology  Australian Clinical Labs  Abbotts  Clinpath  Other Specify: \_\_\_\_\_  Point of care test only

CONFIDENTIAL  
www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/NotifiableDiseaseReporting  
Revised June 2025

# Notifying communicable diseases in South Australia: information for medical practitioners

**Why do I need to notify?** Notification enables the effective monitoring, investigation and control of infectious diseases in the South Australian community.

**Who needs to notify?** Under the *South Australian Public Health Act 2011* (the Act), medical practitioners and diagnostic laboratories are required to notify SA Health of cases (including deaths) suspected of having, or diagnosed with a notifiable disease. In addition to medical practitioners and diagnostic laboratories, healthcare providers authorised to vaccinate under the Vaccine Administration Code are required to notify notifiable adverse event following immunisation.

Information from both doctors and laboratories is required. Medical practitioners supply clinical information including time of onset of illness, likely risk factors and the occurrence of related cases. Laboratories provide information on the infectious agent and may detect possible outbreaks not recognised by individual physicians.

**What do I need to notify and how do I notify?** All conditions listed in the *South Australian Public Health (Notifiable and Controlled Notifiable Conditions) Regulations 2025* must be notified under the Act and its Regulations. For conditions marked ☎ notify urgently (24 hours / 7 days) to the Communicable Disease Control Branch on 1300 232 272.

Notify other diseases (excluding those referred to below) by fax (08) 7425 6696 or telephone 1300 232 272 as soon as practicable and, in any event, within 3 days of suspecting or confirming a diagnosis of a notifiable disease.

Forms are available from available from [www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/NotifiableDiseaseReporting](http://www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/NotifiableDiseaseReporting)

**What about sexually transmissible infections and blood borne viruses?** Please go to the website below and print appropriate form for hepatitis B, hepatitis C, *Chlamydia trachomatis*, donovanosis, gonorrhoea and syphilis **OR** you may ring the Communicable Disease Control Branch (CDCB) on 1300 232 272.

Forms are available from [www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/NotifiableDiseaseReporting](http://www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/NotifiableDiseaseReporting).

**DO NOT USE THIS FORM.**

**What about tuberculosis?** For tuberculosis cases and other mycobacterial infections ❖, notify **SA Tuberculosis Services** on telephone **(08) 7117 2983** or use this form and send via facsimile to **(08) 7074 6248**, **not** the CDCB.

**What about notifiable adverse event following immunisation?** To notify any notifiable adverse event following immunisation please go to <https://extapps2.sahealth.sa.gov.au/SAVSS/> and fill out the form which can be submitted on line **OR** you may ring the Communicable Disease Control Branch (CDCB) on 1300 232 272.

**How is consent obtained and confidentiality protected?** The Act absolves the reporting health practitioner from any legal liability concerning consent to release the required information. Thus consent does not arise as an issue with regard to notifications made under the Act. It is wise to inform a patient or their care-giver that the case must be notified to SA Health, and that they may be contacted in relation to notification.

The Act also commits SA Health to protect the confidentiality of this information, and, except through a court order, prevents the release of personal details to any person unless it meets the criteria under Section 99 and 100 of the Act.

**Where can I get more information on communicable diseases?** The SA Health website at [www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/NotifiableDiseaseReporting](http://www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/NotifiableDiseaseReporting) provides details on the notification process and summary data on notifiable diseases in South Australia which is updated weekly.

Further information and resources on control of infectious diseases are available from: [www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/InfectiousDiseaseControl](http://www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/InfectiousDiseaseControl)

Further information on adverse events following immunisation is available from: [www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/immunisationprovider](http://www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/immunisationprovider)