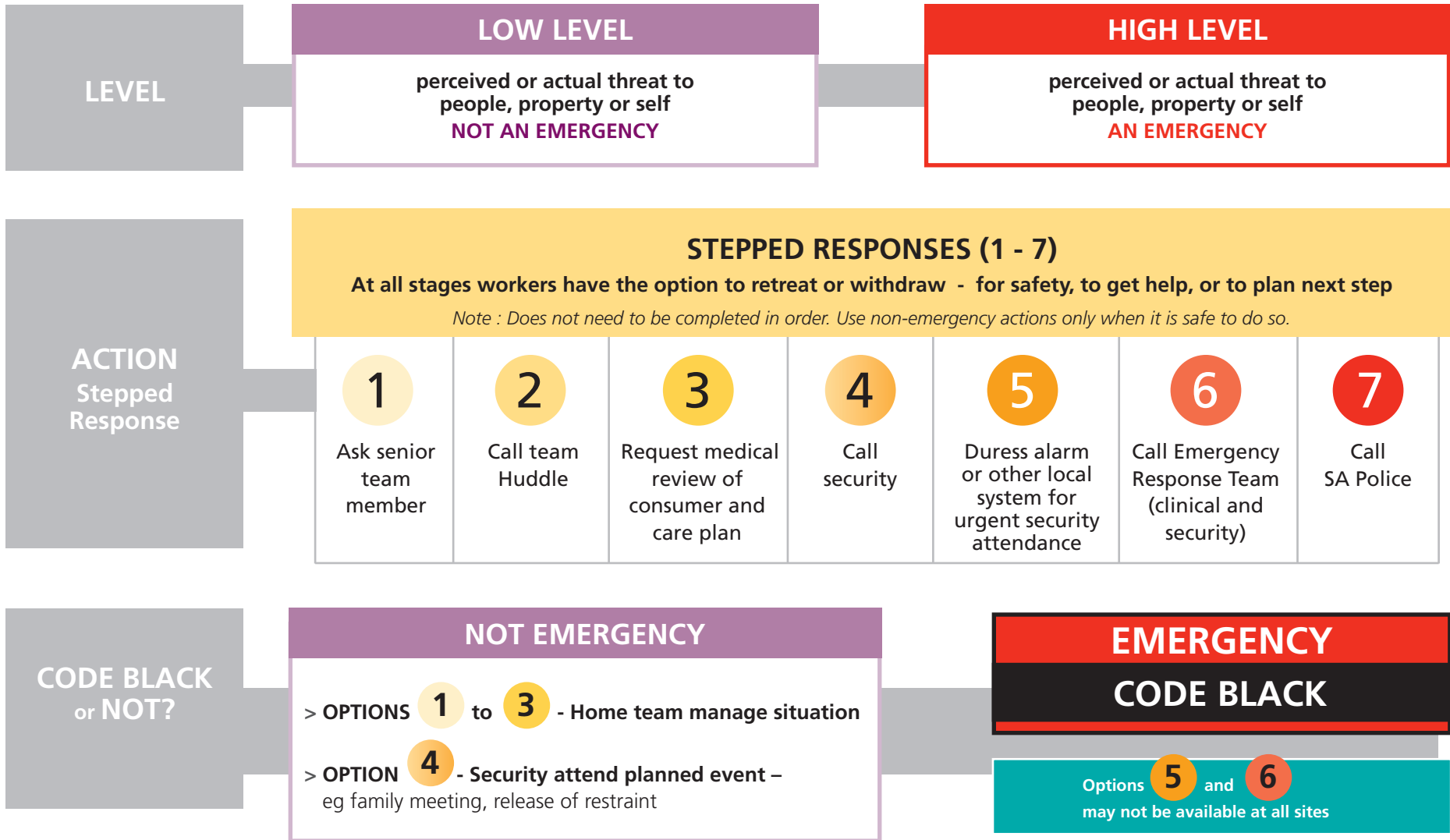


PREVENTING and RESPONDING to CHALLENGING BEHAVIOUR by a CONSUMER / PATIENT

- Types of threat**
- > Verbal threats of harm or injury
 - > Physical – actual or imminent
 - > Property – actual or imminent
 - > Threatening self harm



What is a Code Black call, and how is it made?

Code Black calls are made by staff who perceive that their safety, or that of the patient and/or other people, is at risk. The threatening behaviours can be exhibited by a patient or by other person(s).

- > A Code Black call is a request for urgent / emergency assistance.
- > The Code Black signal can be triggered through a duress alarm, emergency phone number, or other local mechanism. The equivalent code for SA Ambulance Service is Code 51.
- > Code Black is defined by Standards Australia as being used 'For personal threat (armed or unarmed persons threatening injury to others or themselves, or illegal occupancy.' AS 3745-2010.

What is the response to a Code Black call?

There is range of responses.

Most metropolitan services have a team (Emergency Response Team), comprising clinical and security staff, that attends rapidly in response to a Code Black call. This team works with the home team, and assist by de-escalating the situation, providing expert care and restoring a safe environment.

Many incidents require only attendance, advice or support from the Emergency Response team and/or the security officers to the home team.

In some incidents there is a range of actions taken such as restraint of the patient, or escorting a non-patient from the facility.

In extreme situations SA Police can attend.

For more information

SA Health

Safety and Quality Unit,

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www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/challengingbehaviourstrategy

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