Remember

- A positive blood test simply indicates that the person has been infected with type 1 or type 2 HSV (or both) some time in the past.
- A positive blood test does not indicate the site of the infection.
- Serology tests do not provide any information about whether symptoms (genital or oral) are due to herpes.
- A positive blood test does not tell if the person is infectious at the time of the test.

Disclaimer
The information contained within this publication is for general information only. Readers should always seek independent, professional advice where appropriate. Royal Adelaide Hospital will not accept any liability for any loss or damage arising from reliance upon any information in this publication.

Please refer any questions about this information to your treating medical officer and/or nursing staff.

Location

For more information

The Herpes Handbook by G Biro
Gore & Osment, publisher

The Truth About Herpes by S Sacks
Gordon Soules Book Publishers Ltd

Excerpt and ordering information available on the world wide web at:
home.istar.ca/~viridae/

Australian Herpes Management Forum
web site:
herpes.on.net/genital herpes

American Social Health Organisation
Herpes Resource Center:
www.ashastd.org/herpes/hrc.html

International Herpes Alliance:
www.herpesalliance.org

STD Services web site:
www.stdservices.on.net/std/herpes

Email
std.services@health.sa.gov.au

Monday, Thursday and Friday
10am – 4.30pm

Tuesday and Wednesday
11am – 6.30pm

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Non-English speaking: for information in languages other than English, call the Interpreting and Translating Centre on (08) 8226 1990 and ask them to call the Royal Adelaide Hospital. This service is free.

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Diagnosis
Taking a swab test from a genital sore is the only way to accurately diagnose genital herpes.
If people go to their doctor when a genital sore is not present, a swab test cannot be used for diagnosis.
Blood tests may help to make the diagnosis, but the results can be difficult to interpret.
A blood test for herpes is a test for antibodies, which are produced by the immune system when we are infected with HSV. A blood test tells whether you have ever been infected with the herpes virus. It cannot tell when you became infected.
A blood test does not detect the virus itself.

Herpes simplex type 1 and type 2 blood test results
Negative results for either type 1 or type 2 HSV mean the person has not been infected with either virus in the past.

Genital Herpes
Herpes simplex viruses (HSV) cause genital herpes. There are two types of herpes simplex virus and they are referred to as type 1 and type 2. Both types can cause genital herpes. However, type 2 is the usual cause of repeated attacks of genital herpes.
Type 1 HSV can also cause genital infections and tends to produce fewer recurrences than that caused by type 2. Type 1 is the most common cause of cold sores (oral herpes). About 80% of adults in Australia have evidence of infection with type 1 HSV.

Herpes serology
If a person has a positive result for type 1, they have been infected with type 1 HSV in the past. This is a very common result. Usually the infection is acquired in childhood and is located on the mouth (cold sores). Nowadays, genital herpes infection with type 1 HSV is also a possible explanation.
Positive results for type 2 means the person has been infected with type 2 HSV in the past. A common explanation is that the person has had genital herpes, caused by type 2. Another possibility is that they have cold sores on the mouth caused by type 2 HSV. This is a less common explanation.

False negative and false positive results
> All tests may sometimes give an incorrect result.
> The current test used by our laboratory service gives a positive result in about 5% of people who do not have HSV infection (this is called a false positive result).
> The test will give a negative result in 15% of people who really are infected with HSV (this is a false negative result).
> The herpes blood test varies in its reliability, so the meaning of a test result must be considered along with your medical history.