

Interim Medication Administration Chart (IMAC)

SA Health has developed a standard interim medication administration chart (IMAC) for use when patients transfer from hospital to residential care facilities (RCFs). The standard IMAC will ensure consistent documentation of patient and medication details and support continuity of medicine administration during this transition of care setting. The IMAC includes space for documenting administration of medications for **up to 7 days** as required and where clinically appropriate until a review occurs at the RCF.

The standard IMAC will replace all current versions used by SA Health hospitals and health services. Local Health Networks (LHNs) and health services will develop local strategies for implementing the IMAC. The transition to the standard IMAC will be completed by January 2019. The standard IMAC will be provided in line with existing LHN and health service discharge procedures, discharge medicines or prescriptions will continue to be supplied as appropriate. The standard IMAC will be available to order through Oracle from 1 August 2018.

Patient ID and Allergy Section

Government of South Australia SA Health Transfer from: print name of hospital For use on discharge from publichospitals to residential care facilities											
	Adverse Drug Reacti	` '	URN/MRN:								
□ Nil Known □ Unl			Family Name:								
Medicine (or other)	Reaction / type / date	Initials	Given Names								
			Address:								
			Date of Birth:	Sex: □ M □ F							
Sign	Print	Date	Prescriber to print patient name and check label correct:								
he patient identifi	cation section and de	tails of any kno	wn allergies and prev	ious adverse drug reactions, including							

The patient identification section and details of any known allergies and previous adverse drug reactions, including nil known allergies or unknown adverse drug reactions, should be completed by the hospital prescriber.

Medicine Orders and Administration

Date	Medicine (print generic name)		Tick if Slow	Last Dose Given Prior to Transfer (Date/Time):							
Route Dose and Frequency											
Indication Pharmacy		Pharmacy									
Prescriber Signature		Print Name	Contact								

All medicines that are to continue on transfer to a RCF will be documented on the IMAC by the hospital prescriber, this includes regular and when required (PRN) medicines.

Each order will include the following information about medicines should be recorded on the IMAC:

Medication name, route, dose and frequency, and administration time(s) The date and time the last dose was given prior to discharge

> The prescriber's contact details





Interim Medication Administration Chart (IMAC)

What is the purpose of the IMAC?

To enable residential care facility (RCF) staff to document administration of medications for up to 7 days as required and where clinically appropriate until a review occurs at the RCF.

Why have a standard IMAC?

A standard IMAC will ensure consistent documentation of patient and medication details during transition of patient care.

Standardisation of documentation helps improve patient safety. The IMAC aligns with the principles of the National Inpatient Medication Chart (NIMC).

When will the standard IMAC be used?

It will be used for patient transfers from public hospitals or health services to RCFs. Hospital teams will continue to provide the usual clinical handover information to GPs and residential care facilities.

It will be provided in line with existing discharge procedures, including the supply of discharge medicines and prescriptions as appropriate.

Is the IMAC legal to be used in RCFs?

The IMAC is a legal administration chart in South Australia for use by residential care facilities, provided it is electronically generated or handwritten and signed by health professionals with prescribing rights.

Does the IMAC cover changes in medication or doses?

Changes to medicines or doses, including the reasons for the changes will continue to be documented in the clinical handover documentation, e.g. the discharge separation summary.

What time period does the IMAC cover?

The IMAC can be used for documenting administration of medications for **up to seven days** as required and where clinically appropriate until a review occurs at the residential care facility.

Why is continuity in Medication Management important?

Continuity in medication management is essential to the safe and effective use of medicines. It occurs when all parts of the medication management cycle, relevant to the episode of care, are completed and information is transferred to the next care setting. To reduce the risk of medication errors occurring, communication of the patient's medicines information should be timely, complete and accurate.

For more information

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